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#### **ADDITIONAL CIRCULATION**



<u>To</u>: Members of the Integration Joint Board

Town House, ABERDEEN 26 October 2020

### INTEGRATION JOINT BOARD

The undernoted items are circulated in connection with the meeting of the INTEGRATION JOINT BOARD on <u>WEDNESDAY</u>, 28 OCTOBER 2020 at 10.00 am.

FRASER BELL CHIEF OFFICER - GOVERNANCE

#### **BUSINESS**

11 <u>Finance Report - HSCP.20.057</u> (Pages 3 - 18)

Should you require any further information about this agenda, please contact Derek Jamieson, tel 01224 523057 or email DerJamieson@AberdeenCity.gov.uk



Date of Meeting	28 October 2020	
Report Title	Quarter 2 Financial Monitoring and Mobilisation Plan Update	
Report Number	HSCP.20.057	
Lead Officer	Alex Stephen, Chief Finance Officer	
Report Author Details	Alex Stephen, Chief Finance Officer	
Consultation Checklist Completed	Yes	
Directions Required	No	
Appendices	<ul> <li>a) Finance Update as at end September 2020</li> <li>b) Variance Analysis</li> <li>c) Mobilisation Plan Costings Update</li> <li>d) Progress in implementation of agreed savings – September 2020</li> <li>e) Budget Reconciliation</li> <li>f) Budget Virements</li> <li>g) Summary of risks and mitigating action</li> </ul>	

### 1. Purpose of the Report

- a) To summarise the current year revenue budget performance for the services within the remit of the Integration Joint Board (IJB) as at Period 6 (end of September 2020).
- b) To highlight the current forecast in relation to the additional costs of COVID-19 to be reclaimed from the Scottish Government.
- c) To advise on any areas of risk and management action relating to the revenue budget performance of the Integration Joint Board services.
- d) To approve the budget virements so that budgets are more closely aligned to anticipated income and expenditure (see Appendix F).







#### 2. Recommendations

- 2.1. It is recommended that the Integration Joint Board:
  - a) Notes this report in relation to the IJB budget and the information on areas of risk and management action that are contained herein.
  - b) Approve the budget virements indicated in Appendix F.

#### 3. Summary of Key Information

#### **Background**

3.1 The IJB considered reports on the 9 June 2020 and 11 August 2020, which highlighted the estimated costs of the mobilisation plan and the risk that particularly the indirect costs of COVID-19 on the IJB budget may not be funded by the Scottish Government.

New Information on COVID-19 Costs and Funding since 11 August 2020

3.2 On 29 September 2020 it was announced via a letter from the Scottish Government Cabinet Secretary for Health and Sport that an additional £1.1 billion will be made available to support the NHS Boards and Integration Joint Boards (IJBs) to meet COVID costs. A letter was also received from the Director of Planning (Scottish Government's Health & Social Care Directorate) by the Chief Executive of NHS Grampian (NHSG) on the same date which provided further information on the distribution of this funding via the NHS.

The funding allocated to Grampian was for the three IJBs and NHSG itself. For Aberdeen City IJB it has been advised that a further £5.369 million of funding will be allocated from NHSG in October. An analysis is shown below:

	£'000	£'000	£'000
Quarter 1 Mobilisation Plan Total costs included		6,382	
Less: Unachieved Savings	937		
Less: Payments to GP	533	1,470	
Practices\Prescribing			
Funding Allocated for Quarter 1			4,912
Quarters 2 to 4 Mobilisation Plan Total costs included		8,508	
Funding Allocated for Quarters 2 to 4		- <b>,</b>	<u>3,241</u>
Total Funding to be Allocated			8,153
2			







Less: Funding Received 2,784

Funding to be received in October 5,369

- 3.3 The funding received aligned with the expenditure included on the mobilisation plan costing to date. As highlighted previously the mobilisation plan costings were based on estimates in March 2020 and as the pandemic response continues and the guidance in relation to social care provider payments is changed then the costs continue to move.
- 3.4 In regard to the allocation the letter from the Scottish Government indicated that Chief Finance Officers and Directors of Finance can approach the Scottish Government if the basis for allocation does not meet local requirements. Based on the information and funding received to date Aberdeen City IJB's local requirements have been met, apart from the items where a decision on allocation has still to be made.
- 3.5 The funding allocation so far has not included any allocation for the additional costs incurred by the GPs as a result of changing working practices during the first lockdown or funding in relation to any overspends forecast on prescribing 2020/21. These items are to be considered at a later date, along with costs incurred by the Health Boards and IJBs in relation to savings that could not be delivered as a result of the pandemic response. The Scottish Government is also interested in any areas where spend is not as high as budgeted. In Aberdeen City no underspends have been reported at this time given the uncertainty over what might happen over the remainder of the financial year. However, it is likely there will be some underspends particularly in the residential care budgets.
- 3.6 In relation to social care costs these continue to be refined and the sustainability scheme has recently been extended by the Scottish Government. Further information on the social care payments and forecast for the financial year has been requested by the Scottish Government and will be provided in November 2020.







#### Aberdeen City IJB Financial Information

3.7 Given there are six months left in the financial year and COVID levels are increasing it is very difficult to forecast accurately what the budget position will be at the end of the financial year. A prudent approach has been taken in forecasting the level of additional income to be received from the Scottish Government for the cost implications of COVID-19 and therefore for the time being only income that has been received is accounted for in the financial monitoring, this therefore does not include the £5.369 million identified above and received in October 2020. The financial position of the IJB at the 30 September 2020 is as follows:

	£'000	£'000
Overspend as at 30 September 2020 (Appendices A and B)		11,676
Represented by:		
Overspend\(Underspend) on Mainstream Budgets (Appendix B)	(548)	
Direct Costs of COVID-19 – Included on Mobilisation Plan (Appendix C)	6,729	
Indirect Costs of COVID-19 – Included on Mobilisation Plan (Appendices C and D)	3,250	
New indirect and Direct Costs of COVID-19	2,245	11,676

- 3.8 The quarter 1 financial report highlighted the risk in relation to prescribing and that financial pressure may arise as result of this, however, at that stage it was too early to quantify with any degree of accuracy. Since then further analysis has been undertaken on the prescribing budgets across Scotland and it is anticipated that there will be an overspend in Aberdeen City of £1.2 million due to the increased cost of medicines. These additional costs have now been added to our mobilisation plan, as the increase in price is due to COVID.
- 3.9 As highlighted in the report to the urgent IJB meeting on 2 October 2020 there has been a movement in the level of planned care at home hours. Some of this increase is temporary and due to respite and day care services not being available, and some is a result of supporting people at home, instead of a residential setting, during the first lockdown. As indicated in the report, these costs are being added to the mobilisation plan as a direct cost of COVID.







- 3.10 Confirmation has now been received on the level of funding to be provided for Action 15, Alcohol and Drugs Partnership and Primary Care Improvement Plan, although the allocations are still to be received.
- 3.11 From an Aberdeen City IJB perspective the lack of clarity on funding means there is a greater chance of having to approach the Partners for additional resources. Aberdeen City Council (ACC) has recently approved a revised budget to cover the unfunded implications of COVID-19 on their budget. NHSG continues to hold the position that the full costs of COVID-19 will be fully funded by the Scottish Government. Neither Partner has made an allowance in their financial projections for having to provide additional funding to Aberdeen City IJB.
- 3.12 Whilst the IJB does have a small risk fund held in reserve, the Chief Finance Officer does not recommend that this is used to cover any shortfall. The Scottish Government have confirmed that additional funding will be provided to cover the costs of COVID-19 but until all the funding is distributed and the final financial position is known there remains a risk of overspend, particularly given the move into the second phase of providing services during the COVID pandemic. Should the Chief Finance Officer feel that the financial risk has increased as a result of new information becoming available then a special meeting of the IJB will be called at short notice with the permission of the Chair of the IJB and as stated in the Standing Orders.
- 3.13 Information on the variances to date are contained in the appendices, along with the budget virements and an updated mobilisation plan costing which has been submitted to the Scottish Government on 23 October 2020.

#### 4 Implications for IJB

- 4.1 Every organisation must manage the risks inherent in the operation of large and complex budgets. These risks are minimised by the regular review of financial information by budget holders and corporately by the Board and Risk, Audit & Performance Systems Committee. This report is part of that framework and has been produced to provide an overview of the current financial operating position.
  - Key underlying assumptions and risks are set out within the Appendices to this report.
- 4.2 **Equalities** there are no equalities implications arising from this report.
- 4.3 **Fairer Scotland Duty** there are no Fairer Scotland Duty implications arising from this report.
- 4.4 **Financial** the financial implications are contained throughout the report.







- 4.5 **Workforce** there are no workforce implications arising from this report.
- 4.6 **Legal** there are no legal implications arising from this report.
- 4.7 **Other –** there are no other implications arising from this report.
- 5 Links to ACHSCP Strategic Plan
- 5.1 A balanced budget and the medium financial strategy are a key component of delivery of the strategic plan and the ambitions included in this document.
- 5.2 Management of Risk
- 5.3 Identified risks(s)

See directly below.

5.4 Link to risks on strategic or operational risk register: Strategic Risk #2

There is a risk of financial failure, that demand outstrips budget and IJB cannot deliver on priorities, statutory work, and project an overspend.

How might the content of this report impact or mitigate these risks: Good quality financial monitoring will help budget holders manage their budgets. By having timely and reliable budget monitoring any issues are identified quickly, allowing mitigating actions to be implemented where possible.

Approvals			
	Sandra Macleod (Chief Officer)		
	Alex Stephen (Chief Finance Officer)		









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Appendix A: Finance Update as at end September 2020

Period 6	Full Year Revised Budget £'000	Period Budget £'000	Period Actual £'000	Period Variance £'000	Variance Percent %	Forecast £'000
Mainstream:						
Community Health Services	35,366	17,389	17,456	67	0.4	36,011
Aberdeen City share of Hosted Services (health)	24,107	11,969	11,667	(302)	-2.5	23,534
Learning Disabilities	35,954	17,693	15,628	(2,065)	-11.7	36,341
Mental Health and Addictions	21,801	11,385	9,926	(1,459)	-12.8	22,804
Older People & Physical and Sensory Disabilities	80,534	39,906	44,164	4,258	10.7	81,649
Criminal Justice	92	37	(238)	(275)	-743.2	87
Housing	1,846	923	237	(686)	-74.3	1,846
Primary Care Prescribing	40,254	19,762	20,050	288	1.5	41,499
Primary Care	41,403	20,721	20,590	(131)	-0.6	41,180
Out of Area Treatments	2,000	1,203	1,488	285	23.7	2,432
Set Aside Budget	46,410	23,205	23,205	0	0.0	46,410
Direct COVID Costs	2,784	928	3,322	2,394	258.0	10,514
Public Health	2,133	1,195	1,009	(186)	-15.6	2,053
•	334,684	166,316	168,504	2,188	1.3	346,360
Funds:						
Integration and Change	423	14	14	0	0.0	423
Primary Care Improvement Fund*	2,143	151	151	0	0.0	2,143
Action 15 Mental Health*	0	0	0	0	0.0	0
Alcohol Drugs Partnership*	576	43	43	0	0.0	576
	3,142	208	208	0	0	3,142
	337,826	166,524	168,712	2,188	1.3	349,502

Appendix B: An analysis of the variances on the mainstream budget is detailed below:

(1,094,315) Across non-pay budgets 232,944 Under recovery on income 406,588 Staff Costs 1,100,000 Undelivered savings

Staffing costs slight underspend due to overspend in Medical Staff and Admin Staff offset by underspends in Nursing and Allied Health Professionals. Income forecast for under recovery is down to income from Dental patients reducing. Non-Pay underspend due to underspends in Transport and Admin costs offset by overspend to Medical Supplies. There is also an overspend forecast due to undelivered savings.

## Hosted Services (Forecast Position £573,000 underspend)

The Hosted Services position is now reporting an underspend mainly due to the allocation of cost pressure funding from the Integrated Joint Board. All services reporting underspend excluding GMED which still has a significant overspend despite additional funding.

Intermediate Care: Has an underspent position in city due to allocation of additional funding and the reduction in the use of locums. The Grampian Wide service continues to have an overspend position.

**Sexual Health Service:** Underspent due to vacancies.

Police Forensic Examiners: Currently underspent for the year to date, however budget is volatile and saw lower activity during lockdown.

**Diabetes MCN/Retinal Screening:** Underspend due to backdated income from September. The income is backdated and is a one off benefit.

Grampian Medical Emergency Department (GMED): Relates mainly to pay costs and the move to provide a safer more reliable service which has been a greater uptake of shifts across the service. Non-pay overspend due to repair costs not covered by insurance, increased costs on software and hardware support costs, increased usage of medical surgical supplies and an increase in drug costs.

Hosted services are led by one IJB, however, the costs are split according to the projected usage of the service across the three IJBs. Decisions required to bring this budget back into balance may need to be discussed with the three IJBs, due to the impact on service delivery.

Learning Disabilities (Forecast Position - £387,000 overspend)

The main area of overspend is commissioned services, which are forecasted to be £896,564 overspent. This is offset by a projected housing benefit over recovery of £340,000.

## Mental Health & Addictions (Forecast Position - £1,003,000 overspend).

Commissioned services are forecasted to be overspent. An overspend is also forecast on the health side of the budget of £850,000 due to the use of locums and rising Methadone costs. The additional spend on methadone is being investigated by colleagues from the ADP and Pharmacy, as this might be due to costs being miscoded rather than increased demand.

# Older People & Physical and Sensory Disabilities (Position £1,115,000 overspend)

Major variances:

12

1,150,000 Undelivered Savings

This budget is showing an overspend as a result of undelivered commissioning savings. The commissioning budgets are being reviewed in detail over the next quarter to determine whether there are any underspends which can be used to offset these savings.

# Primary Care Prescribing (Forecast Position – £1,245,000 overspent)

This position is based on four month's actuals for April to July which includes the continuing impact on price and volume from Covid and an accrued position for August and September. The actual volume increase in items for March was +15.52% which was funded on a temporary basis by the Scottish Government. Since then there has been a reduction in prescribing levels in April -6.87%, May -10.38%, June -2.23% and July -3.59%. There was a spike in price for March to £11.64/item. Prior to this Feb 2020 price was £11.06/item & largely consistent beforehand. The price reduced to £11.33/item in April, falling further in May to £11.09, then to £11.06 in June and £11.02 in July and now appears to be stabilising.

The material disruptive impact to the prescribing pattern both in relation to price and volume arising from Covid is still not yet fully quantifiable over the medium to longer term in 20/21 and no revised nationally estimated adjustment is yet available for this. Work continues locally at Grampian Primary Care Prescribing Group to further investigate this and nationally, prescribing advisors network are still continuing to work with Primary Care (FHS) executives to analyse the situation to determine expected future volume and price movements to enable forecasts to be revised.

The forecast is based on using the information currently available and assuming £11.02 price is now to continue for August and September. The prescribing position is a major risk area and is being kept under review. Receipt of further information will better inform predictions for future months and the medium to longer term price and volume implications for 20/21.

# Primary Care Services (Forecast Position - £223,000 underspend)

The GP contract uplift for 2020/21 agreed has now been notified and allocation letter received. This is about to be adjusted for but is not yet included in the primary care actuals and budget.

The premises position improved slightly following impact relating to estimates for premises projects and rent and rates payments which includes a benefit in Moray for historic rates rebates received in month.

Phasing of annual budget within IJB have been further reviewed to realign resources more accurately between months.

Board Administered funds had a further slightly reduced level of underspend in M6 reflecting current expenditure including seniority payments, and further sickness and maternity claims received.

# Out of Area Treatments (Forecast Position - £432,000

This budget is due to overspend due to an increase in the number of clients receiving care out of area. Also, the costs of the placements have increased with some clients needing a higher level of care, as a result of the impact of COVID on staff levels in these facilities.

# COVID -19 Costs (Forecast Position - £7,730,000 overspend).

**Major Movements:** 

See appendix C for detailed breakdown.

# Public Health (Forecast Position - £80,000 underspend).

The underspend is due to vacancies.

# Funds (Position - balanced)

Income will match expenditure at the end of the financial year.

Appendix	C:	<b>Mobilisation</b>	Plan	Costings
Appellaly	<b>U</b> .	WODIIISaliOII	ııaıı	COSUITAS

Diversi Ocean Associate a collec-	Original Medium Range Forecast 2020/21 £'000	June Medium Range Forecast 2020/21 £'000	September Medium Range Forecast 2020/21 £'000	
<u>Direct Costs Agreed Locally</u> Additional Care Home Beds	3,168	3,226	3,226	Costs likely to be incurred for remainder of the year depending on how long clients remain in the care home - might be replaced by sustainability costs in due course.
Clinical Leads	288	150	110	Additional staff costs for our clinical leads to support the Partnership and the community Hub.
Mental Health	144	140	140	Additional Mental Health officer and social care provision via a Provider.
Care at Home	0	0	1,000	As reported to the IJB in October there is an increase in planned hours for care at home. This is being investigated and may well be offset by reductions in the residential budget. However, to be prudent it has been added in.
Staff overtime and additional hours	300	287	374	Estimations for whole year but will be dependent on COVID responseduring the second wave.
Direct Costs influenced Nationally	3,900	3,803	4,850	
Care Homes Sustainability	1,263	1,263	1,263	Principles agreed at SG level - to support care homes financially due to a reduction in number of residents. Being reviewed and new costings will be passed to SG in November.
Social Care Providers Uplift	528	0	0	Additional cost of uplift agreed via Scottish Government - was agreed to provide care providers 3.3%, which is higher than the amount anticipated in the MTFF.
Social Care Additional PPE, Sick etc PPE Partnership	0 3,600	3,148 452	3,150 459	High lovel estimate, but have forecast for the whole year, this will be an
FFE Faithership	3,600	432	439	High level estimate, but have forecast for the whole year - this will be an additional cost to social care and partnership in future years.
GP Practices	591	792	792	Additional payments to practices agreed by Scottish Government for public holidays.
Prescribing Income	(690)	0	0	Return of funding to SG due to their expectation that the cost will reduce in first two months of the financial year. This amount has been removed from the prescribing budget.
	5,292	5,655	5,664	
Direct COVID Costs	9,192	9,458	10,514	
Indirect Costs				
Prescribing	0	0	1,245	Forecast to increase as a result of the impact of COVID on unit costs of medicines.
Lost Income	1,000	0	1,042	Reduction in financial assessments and relaxation of rules. There will be a delay in collecting some of this income.
Savings	3,662	3,450	3,250	Agreed savings undeliverable as they impact on Social Care Providers and Staffing
	4,662	3,450	5,537	
20/21	13,854	12,908	16,051	<del>_</del>
19/20	774 14,628	- =		
Less: Funding Received		1,854	2,784	<del>_</del>
Balance Still to be Funded		11,054	13,267	_ =

**Appendix D: Progress in implementation of savings – September 2020** 

Programme for Transformation:	Agreed Target £'000	I STATUS	Forecast £'000
Managing Demand	(2,050)	Description - Additional income to be received from social care charging and reduced costs largely through a reduction in social care commissioning.	(300)
		Status - Commissioning plans and savings put on hold ore delayed as a result of COVID19, as most of these savings would have come from redesigning social care services.	
Conditions for Change	(2,640)	Description - reduced usage of locums and agency staff and redesign of community services as we move into localities.	(1,140)
		Status - Some of the savings have been made due to staff vacancies and a reduction in the use of locums. However, the use of locums in mental health services may increase during the year owing to a number of retirals. A working group has been established to look at the medical staffing the mental health community and inpatient services.	
Accessible and responsive infrastructure	(500)	Description - A review of our 2C medical practices to seek to develop new models for these services which encourage better collaboration between the practices and more cross-system working.	(500)
		Status - An underspend is forecast on our primary care services and we are using this to offset some of this saving. The 2C re-design work is starting back up again and the work undertaken during the COVID19 response phase is influencing the direct of travel.	
Data and Digital\Prevention	(500)	Description - The majority of the savings will come from seeking alternatives to medicines (social prescribing), ensuring our prescribing processes and management of patients using medicines is as efficient as it can be and also stopping the prescription of drugs where there is evidence of little clinical value. There were also elements about looking at a system to aid the management of medicines in care homes, looking at reducing GP callouts and the considering how to prevent people being admitted to hospital.	(500)
	<b>15</b>	Status - This majority of this saving was due to come from the prescribing budget and at present this budget is forecasting to breakeven	,
	(5,690)		(2,440)

Undeliverable due to COVID19

(3,250)



## Appendix E: Budget Reconciliation

	NHSG £	ACC £
ACC per full council:	0	94,314,381
NHS per letter from Director of Finance: Budget NHS per letter	232,053,968	0
	232,053,968	94,314,381
Reserves Drawdown		
Quarter 1	7,352,501	
Quarter 2	4,105,563	
Quarter 3		
Quarter 4		
	243,512,032	94,314,381

IJB £

94,314,381

326,368,349

337,826,413

## Appendix F : Budget Virements (balancing)

Health 4-6	£	£		
Hosted Funding	Core Community	(1,257,000)		
Hosted Funding	City Hosted Services	1,257,000		
New Dyce	Core Community	137,553		
New Dyce	Earmarked Funding	(137,553)		
Psychology Hub	Core Community	2,689		
Psychology Hub	PCIP/ACT15/ADP	(2,689)		
Medical Pay Uplift	Core Community	114,650		
Medical Pay Uplift	Community Mental Health	67,876		
Medical Pay Uplift	City Hosted Services	106,594		
Medical Pay Uplift	Earmarked Funding	(289,121)		
Total Virements		0		

	Risks	Mitigating Actions
Community Health Services	Balanced financial position is dependent on vacancy levels.	Monitor levels of staffing in post compared to full budget establishment. A vacancy management process has been created which will highlight recurring staffing issues to senior staff.
Hosted Services	There is the potential of increased activity in the activity-led Forensic Service.	Work is being undertaken at a senior level to consider future service provision and how the costs of this can be minimised.
	There is the risk of high levels of use of expensive locums for intermediate care, which can put pressure on hosted service budgets.	The movement of staff from elsewhere in the organisation may help to reduce locum services.
Learning Disabilities	There is a risk of fluctuations in the learning disabilities budget because of:  expensive support packages may be implemented.	Review packages to consider whether they are still meeting the needs of the clients. All learning disability packages are going for peer review at the fortnightly resource allocation panel.
	Any increase in provider rates for specialist services.	
Mental Health and Addictions	Increase in activity in needs led service.  Potential complex needs packages being discharged from hospital.  Increase in consultant vacancies resulting in inability to recruit which would increase the locum usage. Average consultant costs £12,000 per month average locum £30,000 per month.	Work has been undertaken to review levels through using CareFirst. Review potential delayed discharge complex needs and develop tailored services. A group has been established in the city to look at supplementary staffing on a regular basis.
Older people services incl. physical disability	There is a risk that staffing levels change which would have an impact on the balanced financial position.  There is the risk of an increase in activity in needs led	Monitor levels of staffing in post compared to full budget establishment.  Regular review packages to consider whether they are
	service, which would also impact the financial position.	still meeting the needs of the clients.
Prescribing	There is a risk of increased prescribing costs as this budget is impacted by volume and price factors, such as the increase in drug prices due to short supply. As both of which are forecast on basis of available date and evidence at start of each year by the Grampian Medicines Management Group	Monitoring of price and volume variances from forecast.  Review of prescribing patterns across General Practices
		and follow up on outliers. Implementation of support tools – Scriptswitch, Scottish Therapeutic Utility. Poly pharmacy and repeat prescription reviews to reduce wastage and monitor patient outcomes.
Out of Area Treatments	There is a risk of an increase in number of Aberdeen City patients requiring complex care from providers located out with the Grampian Area, which would impact this budget.	Groups to be re-established reviewing placements and considering if these patients can be cared for in a community setting.